

Endoscopic ultrasound-guided short-cut jejunojunostomy within a long biliary limb post pancreaticoduodenectomy to facilitate endoscopic retrograde cholangiography

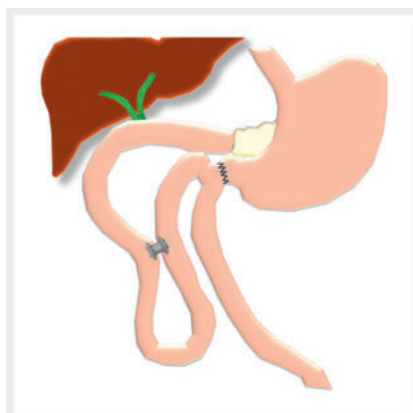


A 73 year-old patient with recurrence of pancreatic cancer presented with jaundice and cholangitis. He had received pylorus-preserving pancreaticoduodenectomy (PPPD) without adjuvant chemotherapy 7 months earlier. Two months earlier recurrence had been noted and palliative chemotherapy had been initiated.

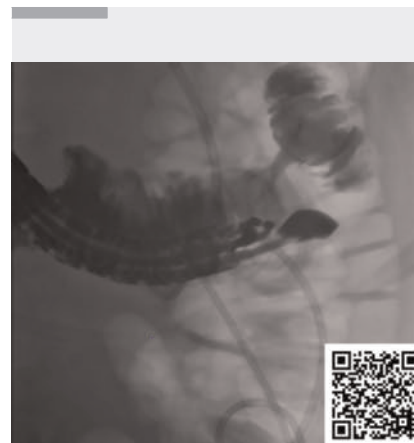
During the previous 3 weeks, the patient had been admitted to two different external hospitals for cholangitis, where MRCP showed bilobar dilation of the intrahepatic bile ducts due to a central metastasis. In both external hospitals and at our center, ERCP had been attempted but failed due to a long and kinking biliary limb.

EUS-guided and percutaneous transhepatic biliary drainage were considered as alternative approaches but were deemed suboptimal due to ascites persisting despite drainage as well as separate anastomoses reported for the left and right hepatic ducts. Since a previous CT scan had shown a favorable hairpin loop-like configuration of the biliary limb and in regard of potential re-interventions, discussion of the situation with the patient led to the shared decision of preferentially attempting short-cut jejunojunostomy within the biliary limb instead of balloon-assisted enteroscopy to facilitate subsequent ERCP (► Fig. 1, ► Video 1).

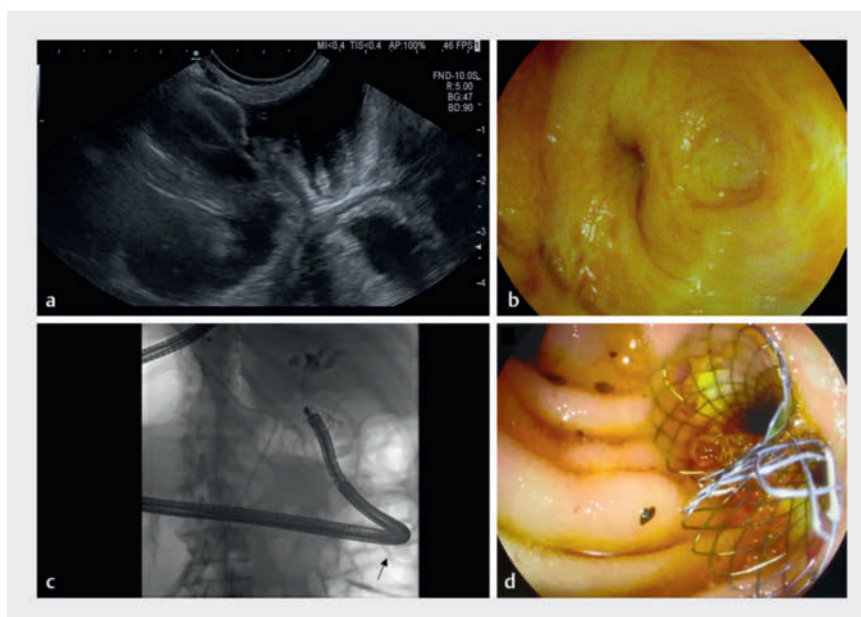
A colonoscope was introduced into the biliary limb as far as possible, and a guidewire was placed and used to position a 7 French nasobiliary catheter. The endoscope was exchanged for a linear echoendoscope, while 300 ml water were instilled via the catheter and peristalsis was blocked with butylscopolaminium and glucagon. A water-filled proximal portion of the biliary limb was identified on endoscopic ultrasound and a 15 mm × 10 mm lumen apposing metal stent (LAMS; Hot Axios, Boston Scientific) was placed in free-hand technique (► Fig. 2 a).



► **Fig. 1** Scheme of post-surgical anatomy and jejunojunostomy with a LAMS. LAMS, lumen apposing metal stent.



► **Video 1** EUS-guided short-cut jejunojunostomy within a long biliary limb post-PPPD to facilitate ERCP.



► **Fig. 2** EUS-guided jejunojunostomy and subsequent ERCP. **a** Following distension of the proximal part of the biliary limb with water, a LAMS was placed to create a short-cut jejunojunostomy under EUS guidance. **b** Using this LAMS, biliodigestive anastomoses could be reached with a colonoscope. **c** Fluoroscopic image showing a cholangiogram as well as the passage of the colonoscope through the LAMS (arrow). **d** Uncovered metal stents were placed in both hepatic ducts. LAMS, lumen apposing metal stent.

In a second intervention, the LAMS was dilated to 15 mm and a colonoscope was advanced through the LAMS (at 70 cm) up to the biliodigestive anastomoses (at 110 cm; ► **Fig. 2 b** and **c**). Cholangiography confirmed strictures and 40 mm × 10 mm uncovered metal stents were placed in both hepatic ducts (► **Fig. 2 d**). Adequate drainage was achieved and no complications or adverse events occurred.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AS_2AK

Contributors' Statement

Sebastian Zundler: Conceptualization, Data curation, Formal analysis, Investigation, Methodology, Supervision, Visualization, Writing – original draft, Writing – review & editing. Daniel Klett: Writing – review & editing. Timo Rath: Writing – review & editing. Deike Strobel: Writing – review & editing. Jürgen Siebler: Resources, Supervision, Writing – review & editing. Markus F. Neurath: Resources, Supervision, Writing – review & editing. Maximilian Waldner: Conceptualization, Investigation, Writing – review & editing.

Acknowledgement

The authors thank Stefanie Rieger and Anastasia Rissling for their assistance.

Conflict of Interest

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

The authors

Sebastian Zundler¹, Daniel Klett¹, Timo Rath¹, Deike Strobel¹, Jürgen Siebler¹, Markus F. Neurath¹, Maximilian Waldner¹

¹ Department of Medicine 1, University Hospital Erlangen, Erlangen, Germany

Corresponding author

Sebastian Zundler, MD

Department of Medicine 1, University Hospital Erlangen, Ulmenweg 18, 91054 Erlangen, Germany
Sebastian.Zundler@uk-erlangen.de

Bibliography

Endoscopy 2025; 57: E1266–E1267

DOI 10.1055/a-2731-6332

ISSN 0013-726X

© 2025. The Author(s).

This is an open access article published by Thieme under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, permitting unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction so long as the original work is properly cited.
(<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>)

Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Oswald-Hesse-Str. 50, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany



ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS

<https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos>



E-Videos is an open access online section of the journal *Endoscopy*, reporting on interesting cases

and new techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high-quality video and are published with a Creative Commons CC-BY license. Endoscopy E-Videos qualify for HINARI discounts and waivers and eligibility is automatically checked during the submission process. We grant 100% waivers to articles whose corresponding authors are based in Group A countries and 50% waivers to those who are based in Group B countries as classified by Research4Life (see: <https://www.research4life.org/access/eligibility/>).

This section has its own submission website at <https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos>